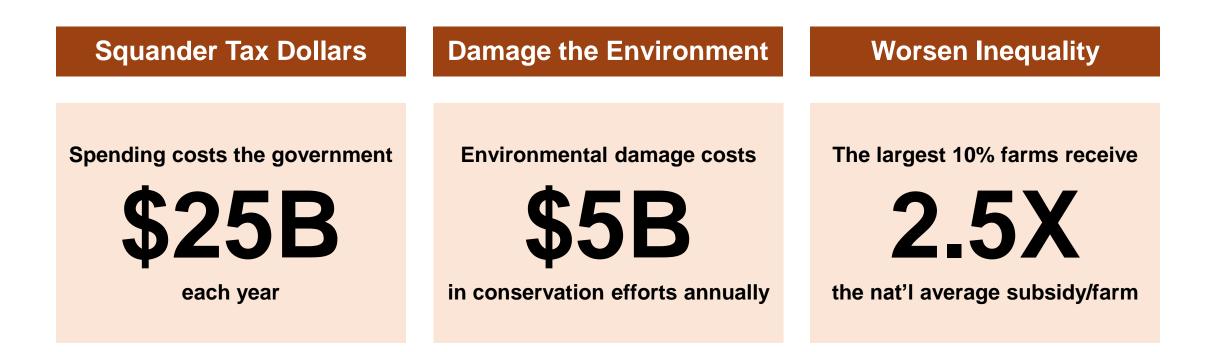
Farm Enrichment, Equitably Distributed

Domestic Team 2

Agricultural subsidies harm taxpayers, consumers, farmers, and the American economy at large.



Program	Spending USD\$B	HARMFUL REDUNDANCIES
Insurance Premiums	8	
Agriculture Risk Coverage	3.7	\$15B
Price Loss Coverage	3.2	Insure against predictable market risk
Conservation Programs	5	
Disaster Aid	1.9	
Marketing & Export Promotion	1.2	ADMINISTRATION PROPOSALS
Research & Other Support	3	2018 Agricultural Improvement Act
Total	25	2020 Presidental Budget

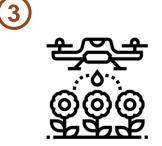
Farm Enrichment, Equitably Distributed

Correct market distortions while aiding farmers for



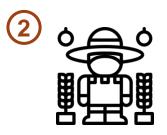
Cap and phase out Insurance Premium Subsidies

To increase industry's ability to **produce what consumers want**



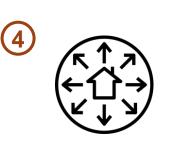
Establish Agro-Capital Grant Program

To invest in technology to **boost industry's overall productivity**



Increase funding for Conservation Efforts

To encourage sustainable farming practices for **long-term gains**



Increase funding for Marketing & Export Promotion

To open up new markets for agricultural goods

Restructure, Cap, and Phaseout Insurance Premium Subsidies

WHY?

- **Distort** the market
- Hurt small farms
- Fail stated mission



Implementation

Impact

1 \$40K per farm cap

2 Eliminate Harvest Price Option (HPO)



Lower cap by \$5K/year

When cap reaches \$5K, lower cap by \$1K/year

1 Saves \$2B in Y1



Economy



Eliminates **\$750M** in deadweight loss

Government

Saves \$8B per year

Environment

Protects marginal lands

Private crop insurance would fail because losses are positively correlated	Correlation is not uniquely strong & Private insurance successfully pools risk
HPO is farmers' singular lifeline	Futures and options markets are effective substitutes
Reducing insurance premiums is politically unheard-of	Proposed in 2020 Presidential budget & Historical support across aisle

Streamline ARC, PLC into Conservation Efforts

WHY?

- **Redundant** concurrent enrolment
- Incentivize excessive cultivation
- Set aside **necessary resources** for non-distortionary programs



% Base Acres			
Year	ARC-CO and PLC	ARC-IC	Savings USD\$B
2019	85%	65%	NA
2021	50%	42%	NA
2025	30%	23%	3.8
2029	0%	0%	13.8

Equity

Greatly benefits small farms

Farmers

Freedom to decide and plant crops

Government

Saves **>\$12B** from 2019-2025 for:

- Research on sustainable farming
- Reserves for emergency mgmt
- Improvements on lands in production
- Investment in environmentally friendly
 physical capital

Limits payouts to <i>nonfarmer landowners</i> and on land no longer used to grow crops	Less willing to profit from increased land rents Lower input costs from land purchase
<i>Large factory & small family farms receive fewer benefits</i>	Increase payouts from conservation programs Reduce consolidation, increase ease of entry
Harms relatively small and inelastic markets	Prices paid to farmers will rise WTO violations alleviated

Establish the Agro-Capital Grant Program







Considers:

- Proposed use of smart farming technology
- Environmental damage
- General efficacy





Smart farming technology raises yields, lowers costs	Protect farmers' profitability
Agricultural Weather Tracking	Improve farmers' ability to protect against disaster
Soil & Water Sensors, Variable-Rate Application, Global Positioning System	Further reduce deadweight loss Promote sustainable farming practices
Small farms can afford more precision agriculture technology	Reduce inequity in accessing funds for capital improvement

Increase funding for Marketing and Export Promotion (MEP)

WHY?

- Solves free-rider market failure
- "Vastly underfunded"
- Competitors **outspend 4X**



Implementation

Impact

Increase MAP and FMD funding

Open up foreign markets: 2

- Host agricultural fairs
 - Negotiate liberal trade barriers •





Economy



Increases international competitiveness

Policymakers

Reduces balance of trade deficit

Concerns

Violates WTO agreement on trade	Falls into unlimited "green box" spending
Funding is politically infeasible	Historically enjoyed strong bipartisan support

Addressing Stakeholder Concerns over Profit Decrease

Organized Special Interests

Reallocations designed to boost revenue Total fiscal spending remains the same

Large farms

MAP/FMD Appropriation: non-distortionary profit opp'ty



Small farms

Agro-Capital Grant Program:



Before

Program	Spending USD\$B
Insurance Premiums	8
Agriculture Risk Coverage	3.7
Price Loss Coverage	3.2
Conservation Programs	5
Disaster Aid	1.9
Marketing & Export Promotion	1.2
Research & Other Support	3

25

Total

After	
Program	Spending USD\$B
Insurance Premiums	
Agriculture Risk Coverage	
Price Loss Coverage	
Conservation Programs	
Disaster Aid	
Marketing & Export Promotion	
Research & Other Support	
Agro-Capital Grant Program	
Total	25

Case study

New Zealand (1984)

Overview

- Agricultural export-driven economy
- 30 subsidies eliminated
- Exit grant of ~2/3 annual income (1983) offered with low take-up of 1%
- Ring-fenced levies to fund R&D

Effects

- Increased product diversity
- Doubled productivity
- Increased sector contribution to GDP

Predicted effect

United States (2019)

Why this is feasible?

- Low resource requirement
- Low anticipated push-back
- Frictionless administration

Measures of success

- Bipartisan, admin & stakeholder support
- Fiscal efficacy
- Sector GDP per capita
- Technology and conservation uptake
- Farmer satisfaction

Increases product diversity Raises return on tax dollars

Increases productivity Sustains arable land for future cultivation

Increases sector contribution to GDP

Curbs sectoral inequality

The FEED Act considers the needs of all farmers rather than the desires of few.

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